## 2019 Table of Detected Regulated Contaminants For Lewis and Clark Regional Water System (EPA ID 2288)

## Terms and abbreviations used in this table:

\* Maximum Contaminant Level Goal(MCLG): the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

\* Maximum Contaminant Level(MCL): the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

\* Action Level(AL): the concentration of a contaminant which, when exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow. For Lead and Copper, 90% of the samples must be below the AL.

\* Treatment Technique(TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water. For turbidity, 95% of samples must be less than 0.3 NTU

\* Running Annual Average(RAA): Compliance is calculated using the running annual average of samples from designated monitoring locations.

## Units:

\*MFL: million fibers per liter

\*pCi/l: picocuries per liter(a measure of radioactivity) \*ppt: parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter *\*mrem/year: millirems per year(a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)* \*ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter(mg/l) \*ppq: parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter \*NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units \*ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter(ug/l) \*pspm: positive samples per month

Substance	90% Level	Test Sites > Action Level	Date Tested	Highest Level Allowed (AL)	ldeal Goal	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Copper	0.0	0		AL=1.3	0	ppm	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from
Lead	0	0		AL=15	0	ppb	wood preservatives. Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits.

	Highest Level		Date	Highest Level Allowed	ldeal Goal		
Substance	Detected	Range	Tested	(MCL)	(MCLG)	Units	Major Source of Contaminant
Fluoride	0.75	0.37 - 0.75	12/12/19	4	4	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	0.7		10/07/19	10	10	ppm	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits.

Please direct questions regarding this information to Mr Jim Auen with the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System public water system at (605)624-8700.